Blue Print of Question Paper

Exam: IX Subject: GENERAL ENGLISH Max.Marks: 100 Time: 3 HOURS

S.No.	UNIT/AREAS OF LEARNING	Unitwise Allotment of Marks		NUMBER OF QUESTIONS MARKWISE							TOTAL SUB- QUESTIONS (PROPOSED)	TOTAL QUESTION		
			1 Mark	2 Mark	3 Mark	4 Mark	5 Mark	6 Mark	7 Mark	8 Mark	9 Mark	10 Mark		
	QUES. NO.1 OBJECTIVE TYPE (a) POEM (D9) 2Marks (a) PROSE (D5) 4 Marks (c) GRAMMAR (C1) 10Marks	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	01
А.	READING	15												
	(i) PASSAGE NO A1 (HAVING 50 TO 80 WORDS)		03 02 (Voc)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	01
	(ii) PASSAGE NO A2 (HAVING 50 TO 80 WORDS)		03 02 (Voc)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
	(iii) PASSAGE NO A3 (HAVING 50 TO 80 WORDS)		03 02 (Voc)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
В.	WRITING B-1(i): LETTER WRITING	20	-	-	-	-	-	01	-	-	-	-		01

	B-2(ii): MAKING NOTES ON THE GIVEN PASSAGE &		-	-	01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	02	01
	(iii)SUMMARISING		-	-	01	-	_	-	-	-	-	-		
	B-3(iv) COMPOSITION WRITING		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	01	-	-		01
C.	(i) GRAMMAR	15	05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	05	01
	(ii) TRANSLATION	05	05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	05	01
D.	TEXT-BOOK	45												
D-1	PROSE (EXTRACTS		05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	05	01
D-2	FROM PROSE LESSONS) 1 MARK FOR VOCABULARY IN EACH EXTRACT		05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	05	01
D-3	PROSE (ONE OUT OF TWO)		-	-	-	-	-	01	-	-	-	-	01	01
D-4	DRAMA (TWO D-4A OUT OF FOUR) D-4B		-	-	-	- 01(B)	-	01(A)	-	-	-	-	02	01
D-6	POETRY SECTION ONE OUT OF TWO EXTRACT		01	01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	02	01
D-7	TWO OUT OF THREE SA TYPE		-	-	02	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	02	01
D-8	ONE OUT OF TWO QUES. CENTRAL IDEA		-	-	-	01	-	-	-	-	-	-	01	01
	TOTAL												58	14

FORMAT OF QUESTION PAPER

CLASS: IX

SUBJECT: GENERAL ENGLISH

M.M.-100 TIME- 3 HRS.

Unit/Area of learning	Marks allotted to unit	Main question No	Sub question No's	Type of question	Marks	Options
OBJECTIVE TYPE QUES. (a)POEM (D9) 2Marks (b)PROSE(D5) 4Marks © GRAMMAR (c-1) 10Marks	-	Q1	a-p	Objectives	16	No Options
A. READING	15	Q2	A-1 COMPR- a,b,c Voc.d,e A-2 COMPR-	VSA Objectives	Compre 9x1=9 Vocab 3x2=6	NO OPTION
			a,b,c Voc.d,e A-3 COMPR- a,b,c Voc.d,e	Objectives		
B. WRITING	20		,	5		
B-1: LETTER		Q3	-	LA	1X6=6	INTERNAL OPTION
B-2: NOTE MAKING & SUMMARISING		Q4	-	SA	1X3=3 1X3=3	NO OPTION
B-3: COMPOSITION		Q5	-	LA	1X8=8	ONE OUT OF FOUR
C. (i)GRAMMAR	15	Q6	1	VSA	1X5=5	INTERNAL OPTION
(ii) TRANSLATION	05	Q7	1,2,3,4,5	VSA	5X1=5	FIVE OUT OF SEVEN
D. TEXT-BOOK	45					
D-1 & D-2 EXTRACT FROM PROSE		Q8	D-1 Compar- a,b,c,d	VSA	10x1=10	NO OPTION
			Vocab- e D-2 Compar- a,b,c,d Vocab- e	Objectives		
D-3PROSE		Q9	-	LA	1X6=6	ONE OUT OF TWO
D-4: DRAMA		Q10 A Q10 B	- A - B	LA SA	1X6=6 1X4=4	TWO OUT OF FOUR

D-6: EXTRACT	Q11	- A	Objectives	1X1=1	ONE OUT
FROM POEMS		- B	SA	<u>2X1=2</u>	OF TWO
				3	EXTRACT
D-7 POEMS	Q12	1,2,3	SA	3X2=6	TWO OUT
					OF THREE
					QUES.
D-8 CENTRAL	Q13	-	SA	1X4=4	ONE OUT
IDEA					OF TWO

INSTRUCTIONS -

- 1. The questions paper should strictly adhere to the syllabus issued by the Board.
- The question Paper should be average with 40% easy, 40% average and 20% difficult questions, keeping the students of the remotest area in mind.
- 3. The paper should contain objective type questions of at least 25% marks so as to ease the students from the examination tension. These questions may include fill up the blanks, matching column, multiple choice, one word answer type etc. These questions may be set at one place as for as possible. Questions on vocabulary test should also be included in objective test questions; these may be given along with the passage.
- 4. The paper should be set in such a way that an average student can solve it in2.30 hours, giving him enough time to think and check it.
- 5. The paper must be set with an absolute objective attitude, focusing on the student's benefit while testing what skills they have achieved during the educational session.
- 6. Word limit should not be given for answering questions.
- 7. Options should be given in every questions as for as possible.

General English Class IX

Annual Evaluation

Model Question Paper Class IX Subject: Gen. English

Time: 3 hours]

[Max. Marks: 100

Note: Attempt all questions. Internal choices are given in some question. World limit is given wherever required.

Q.1 Choose the correct option and answer these questions.

06

(a) Fill in the blanks

- 1. Kavita face an interview today. (has to/have to/must)
- 2. I come in madam. (can /may/should)
- 3. He writes ink. (in/at/with)
- 4. I saw today one eyed man. (an/a/the)
- 5. There is milk in the pot. (any/some)
- 6. Do you have book on this topic? (some/any)

(b) Do as direct:

04

1	T 1 · · · · · ·
1.	I saw a man <u>who was wearing a blue cap</u> .
	The underlined clause is,
	(a) noun clause (b) relative clause (c) adverb clause
2.	the teacher came in the class, the students stood up.
	(a) No sooner (b) As soon as (c) As well as
3.	He denied that he had written the letter.
	The underlined clause is
	(a) noun clause (b) relative clause (c) adverb clause.
4.	he works hard, he will not pass.
	(a) If (b) unless (c) If not
(c)	Choose the correct option and complete the sentences:
	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
04	
K	asturba was taught by her
	a) father (b) mother (c) brother (d) husband
	dvertisements on the T.V. make an instant
	a) appeal (b) approach (c) approval (d) agreement
	the opinion of the wise saint a best friend of a man on the earth is
	*
,	a) his own good sense (b) his courage (c) his physical power
`	l) his smartness
K	ing Vikram went out in disguise because he wanted to check on his
(a	a) subjects (b) princess (c) neighbors (d) ministers
(<i>d</i>) <i>C</i>	hoose the correct option:
	_

02

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(1)	The writer of the poe	em 'Today and Tomorrow' is -
	(a) J. E. Carpenter	(b) Sarojini Naidu
	(c) Thomas Reed	(d) Hari Bharati
(2)	The poem 'Am I a cl	hild' depicts the feelings of -
	(a) an old man	(b) a child
	(c) a teenager	(d) a lady

SECTION A

Q.2. Read the following passages carefully and answer the questions given under them.

15

A) A happy is the man who acquires the habit of reading when he is young. He always has a pleasant occupation of leisure moments; so that he need never feel board. He is possessor of wealth more precious than gold. Ruskin called books 'Kings' Treasures'. Treasuries filled not with gold and silver and precious stores but with riches more valuable than these – knowledge, noble thoughts and high ideals. Poor indeed is the man who does not read, and empty is his life.

Questions

- 1. What type of man is happy?
- 2. What does Ruskin called books?
- 3. Whose life to empty?
- 4. Give words from the passage with similar meaning for the words given below:
 - (a) glad
 - (b) somebody's profession
- b) Some imagine that computers are complex and difficult, while others imagine that computers are capable of solving any problem. The former fear that the rules are necessary to run computers, including programmer are too tedious, while the latter fancy that computers alone them to do whatever jobs they want. It seems that these extremes keep computers away from them. To make good use of computers, it is important to remove these prejudices.

Questions

- 1. What do some people think about computers?
- 2. What are the fears and fancies of people about computers?
- 3. Who are responsible for keeping the computers away from people?
- 4. *Fancy* means:

5.

(a) want to do some thing	(b) passion
(c) very modern	(d) fears about something
Prejudices are:	

- (a) pride
- *(b) established facts*
- (c) false notions
- (d) liking for somebody

(C) Discipline means obedience to the established rules of conduct. Certain rules have been laid down in every society to control and regulate the life and activities of its members so that the society as a whole may progress in harmony peace. If any of these rules is broken, there is trouble and society suffers. In fact discipline is the very basis of progress in every sphere, public or private. A man without discipline is like an engine without a brake. It is the duty of every student to follow discipline if they want to build their lives prosperous.

Questions

- 1. What does discipline mean?
- 2. Why are certain rules of conduct laid down by the society?
- 3. What is a man without discipline?
- 4. The one who obeys what is told to him, is (a) polite (b) obedient (c) disciple (d) punctual

A pleasing combination of related things is known as (a) balance (b) proportion (c) harmony (d) harmful

SECTION B

Q.3 Your friend Rajesh stood first in the examination. Write him a letter of congratulation on his grand success you are Ajay Mishra, residing at A 250 Anand Nagar, Ujjain (M.P.) 06

OR

You are Gautam Roy, a student of Class IX in Govt. Higher Secondary Shamshabad Distt. Vidisha. Write an application to the Principal of your school requesting him to issue your some books since you cannot buy them.

Q.4 Read the passage carefully and make notes and summarize the passage also.

3+3=06

Pollution is the fouling of the environment land, water and air- by waste, smoke, chemicals and other harmful substances. The most serious pollution occurs where there are large cities and many factories. Every industrial country faces the problem of waste. As factories produce new goods for people to buy, old ones are thrown out with household rubbish. Burning this refuse pollutes the air, dumping it in rivers and seas pollutes the water and rubbish tips are unpleasant rights and take up much needed space. Getting rid of plastics is particularly difficult. Wood and paper decay after some time through the action of bacteria. But plastics never decay. The more we throw away, the more litter is produced.

Q.5 Anurag has to speak on the importance of books in the morning assembly. On the basis of the points given below, write a composition on books for Anurag. (80 words)

08

- Source of knowledge, information, entertainment
- Written by master minded genius
- Make wise, intelligent, thoughtful
- Bring change in life.
- Fodder to soul, training to mind

OR

Write an essay on the given topics (200 words)

(<i>i</i>)	A picnic	<i>(ii)</i>	Wonders of Science

Your hobby (iv) Any match you have witnessed

SECTION C

Q.6 Do as directed (any five)

05

(iii)

1. I said to Manoj. "I want your books for two days" (change into indirect speech)

- 2. She does her work in time. (change into interrogative sentence)
- 3. I helped him always. (change the voice)
- 4. Akbar said to Birbal, "Come in". (change into indirect speech)
- 5. Asha read a novel. (change into passive)
- 6. They plays football daily. (correct the sentence)
- 7. She was watering the plants. (*change into present perfect tense*)
- Q.7 Translate into English. (any five)
 - 05
- 1. वह टी.वी. नहीं देखता है।
- क्या सीमा फूल तोड़ती है ?
- हम पुस्तकें खरीदते हैं।
- गजेन्द्र सुबह से साइकिल चला रहा है।
- 5. तुम सोमवार से परीक्षा की तैयारी कर रही हो।
- सुबह से वर्षा हो रही है।
- 7. चारू अपना गृहकार्य पूर्ण कर चुकी है।

SECTION D

Q.8 Read the extracts carefully and answer the questions given under them. 10

I) Kasturba not only took part in the campaigns but also delivered significant speeches wherever she went. For instance, addressing the woman of Vadhtal village on 6 April 1918, she said, "The true religion of a woman is to follow the footsteps of her husband like Sita. If she also encourages her husband to stick to the sacred pledges (of non-payment of the revenue dues), her progeny is sure to be brave and India will then win Swaraj."

In the first Non-cooperation movement launched by her husband Gandhiji, she accompanied him and went from village to village. Along with her husband, she made a special appeal to women, asking them to spin and wear khadi, boycott government schools and colleges and remove untouchability.

Questions

- 1. Who delivered significant speeches?
- 2. What is the tree religion of a woman?
- 3. Who launched the first Non-co-operative Movement?
- 4. What was the special appeal to women?
- 5. Find out word for 'A series of planned activities'.

(*II*) Although more famous as a biologist, Bose was a great physicist as well. He can rightly be called the inventor of Wireless telegraphy. Though Marconi invented the wireless, Bose had already demonstrated its functioning in public in the year 1895, a year before Marconi's patent for the telegraph. This impressed the Royal Society of England and, he was honoured with the degree of Doctor of Science. In fact Bose was a pioneer in multimedia communication. He was the first to fabricate the device that generated radio wave-length.

Another example of Bose's greatness is revealed in the invention of radar. Bose worked out some details of very great importance which are used in the working of the radar. Jagadish Chandra Bose has a permanent place in the world of science especially in botany.

Questions

- 1. Who was a great physicist also?
- 2. What impressed the Royal Society of England?
- 3. Bose was a pioneer in
- 4. Give another example of Bose's greatness?

5. Write the synonym of – *construct*.

Q.9 What do you mean by noise pollution? How does noise create pollution? 06

OR

How does miss Beam give the children an idea of suffering in the world? How is the blind day educative to both the 'blind' and the helpers?

Q.10 (A) What was the cause of annoyance for Chaturbhuj Babu? How did he react to it?

06

OR

What did Humayun decide to do to help Rani Karnavati? (B) What did the Zamindar understand by M.A. and B.A.?

04

OR

Why was Humayun surprised to find messenger from Udaipur? Q.11 Read the extracts from the poems and answer the questions given under them.

03

Oh Light, who are you?

Daughter of the Sun? No, you are the Sun's life, his soul. We praise you in the Sun. The Sun is the body, you are its fire spark. When were you born, O Light? Who made you?

Questions

1. Who is the poem addressed to?

2. What is the light according to poet?

OR

Slowly Silently! Now the moon Walks the night in her silver shoon, This way and that, she peers and sees Silver fruit upon silver trees.

Questions

1. Give one word for 'to look closely'.

- 2. How does the moon walk?
- Q.12 Answer the questions (any two)

06

- 1. Why does the poetess say, 'I shall die'?
- 2. What do you mean by 'My dream world'?
- 3. Why does the poet want to protect the old oak from the woodman?
- Q.13 Give the central idea of the poem O Light!

04

OR

Today and Tomorrow

Model Answers Class – IX Subject – English (General)

Q.1 Objective type questions.

(a) Answers (Fill up blanks)

1. has to	2. can	3. in	4. a	5. some	6. any
(b) Answers 1.	relative clause	2. As so	on as	3. noun clau	se 4. Unless
(c) 1. husband	2. appeal	3. his	own g	ood sense	4. Subjects
(d). Answers					
1. J.E. car	penter		2. a t	eenager	

Section – A

Q.2 Answer

- (A) 1. A man who acquires the habit of reading at an young age is happy.
 - 2. Ruskin Bond calls books as the 'King's Treasures'.
 - 3. The life of the man who does not read is empty.
 - 4. (a) happy (b) occupation
- (B) 1. Some people think that computers are difficult and complex.
 - 2. Some people fear that tedious rules are necessary to run computers. The others fear that the computers allow them to do any job they want.
 - 3. Extreme people are responsible for keeping the computers away from people.
 - 4. Want to do something
 - 5. false notions

(C) 1. Discipline means the obedience to some established rules of conduct.

- 2. Rules are laid down by the society to control and regulate the life and activities of its members.
- 3. A man without discipline is like an engine without brake.
- 4. An obedient
- 5. harmony

Section – B

Q.3 Letter

Ajay Mishra A-250, Anand Nagar, Ujjain Date : 28/5/2007

Dear Rajesh,

I am well here and hope the same for you. In the evening today I saw your name among the toppers of Middle School examinations. Really you deserved it. I congratulate you on your grand success. Wish you a bright future. Convey my regards to your parents and love to Chinky.

Do write to me.

Yours Ajay Mishra Ujjain Weightage for letter and applicationSalutation-1 markBody-3 marksSubscription-2 marks

No marks should be given if suitable body of the letter is not written. Appropriate weightage should be given to format and expression

Application

To,

The Principal Govt. Higher Secondary School Shamshabad, Vidisha (M.P.) Subject – Regarding issue of books from the book bank.

Respected Sir,

Humbly I want to say that I am a poor student of class IX in your school. My father is a poor farmer. He can't buy books for me.

So I request you to please issue me the following books from the book bank.

- 1. Mathematics
- 2. Science
- 3. Social science

Thanking you Sir.

Yours obediently Gautam Roy Govt. H.S.S.

Shamshabad

Distt. Vidisha (M.P.)

Dated : 20.7.2007

Q. 4 Note making 1. Pollution 1.1. the foiling of the envrnmnt 1.1.1 land 1.1.2 waste 1.1.3 air 2. Causes 2.1 Waste, smoke, chemicals 2.2 Large cities, factories 2.3 House hold rubbish 2.3.1 Goods for people 2.3.2 dmpng in the rivers 2.3.2.1 it goes to the people thrgh water 2.3.2.2 Plstcs are most dngrs 3. Difficulty 3.1 plastics nevr decay 3.2 usefl space occupied **Summary**

Pollution is caused by harmful chemicals and substances. The faitouies produce waste and cities produce household rubbish which cause pollution. Plastics are the most harmful because it never decays.

(Note – Appropriate weightage should be given if the notes are made accordingly. Abbreviations used should also be given weightage)

Q.5 Composition

Books are the major source that provide us knowledge, information and entertainment. Books help in development of our thoughts. They are written by masterminded geniuses. They make us wise, intelligent and thoughtful. They also train our mind and thus are a source of inspiration to everybody. They not only provide us with knowledge but we get many other information from them. It is really good to read good books.

	Essay writing		
*	Introduction	-	2
*	Body	-	4
*	conclusion	-	2

Note : appropriate weightage should be given to unity, coherence, relevance and proportion.

Section – C

Q. 6 Answer

8.

- 1. I said to Manoj that I wanted his book for two days.
- 2. Does she do the work in time?
- 3. He was helped by me always.
- 4. Akbar ordered Birbal to go in.
- 5. A novel was read by Asha.
- 6. They play football daily.
- 7. She has watered the plants.

Q.7 Translation

- 1. He doesn't watch T.V.
- 2. Does Seema pick flowers?
- 3. We buy books.
- 4. Gajendra has been cycling since morning.
- 5. You have been preparing for the examination for seven days.
- 6. It has been raining since morning.
- 7. Charu has done her homework.

Section – D

Q.8 (I) Answers to the questions

- 1. Kasturba delivered significant speeches.
- 2. The true religion of a woman is to follow the footsteps of her husband.
- 3. Mahatma Gandhi launched the first Non-cooperative Movement.
- 4. The special appeal was to spin and wear khadi, boycott government schools and colleges and remove untouchability.
- 5. Movement.

(II) Answers

- 1. J.C. Bose was a great physicist also.
- 2. Bose's demonstration of the wireless impressed the Royal Society of England.
 - 3. Bose was a pioneer in Multimedia communication.
 - 4. Bose's greatness also revealed in the invention of the 'Radar'.
 - 5. Although.

Q.9 Answer

The presence of unwanted sound is called noise pollution. It is unpleasant human or machine made sound that disrupts environment. Depending on the level of this sound, it can produce serious health problems.

OR

Miss Beam makes each child of her school feel the pain of being blind, deaf and lame for one day. In this way she gives the children an idea of suffering in the world. The 'blind' child needs assistance in everything. The other children are told to help and lead the child. Thus it is educative to both of them.

Q.10 (A) The cause of annoyance for Chaturbhuj Babu was that everybody showed more interest in the cat and nobody cared for his achievement. So he lost his patience and reached by losing his temper.

OR

Humayun decided to prepare an army to help his sister who was in trouble. He also decided to lead the army. He declared that it was great honour for him to have a sister like Karnavati.

(b) 'Meye' is the Bengali word which sounds like M.A. and means 'daughter'. Similarly 'Biye' sounds like B.A. and means 'marriage' in Bengali. This is what the Zamidar understood by M.A. and B.A.

OR

Both the Mughals and the Rajputs were great warriors. They were not on friendly terms in those days. That is why Humayun was surprised to find a messenger from Udaipur.

Q. 11 extracts from the poem –

Answers to questions:

- 1. The poem is addressed to Light.
- 2. According to the poet, Light is the daughter of the Sun, and the life of the Sun.

OR

1. peer 2. The moon walks slowly and silently

Q.12 Answer these questions:

- 1. The poetess has used this utterance to show her deep fear. Basically in Indian languages, this a common way of expressing one's fear.
- 2. The poet calls the child's world a dream world because a child lives in a world of fantasies.
- 3. The poet wants to protect the old oak from the woodman because it has sheltered him in his youth.
- Q. 13 Ans. Central ideas.

1. O Light !

The poet says that the Light is the soul of the Sun. Later on he calls this light as wisdom and knowledge. The poet prays the Nature as the enchanter mother of Light. In the end the poet praises the light to prosper and bring the light of knowledge in this world.

2. Today and Tomorrow

The poet says that we should not put off till tomorrow what we can do today. The time once wasted never returns. Nobody knows what the future has in store. We should not let precious moments go waste. We should make full use of the present.